

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A computer-implementable method of performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said method comprising:
when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$, non-iteratively processing $N \bmod D$ to produce the remainder R

2. A computer-implementable method of performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said method comprising:
when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$, performing $N \bmod D$ to produce the remainder R,
where a number of processing operations necessary to produce the remainder R is

5 independent of n.

3. A computer-implementable method of performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said method comprising:

when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$, summing the upper $\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil$ and lower $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$ bits of the

dividend N to produce the remainder R.

4. The computer-implementable method of claim 1, further comprising the step of subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

5. The computer-implementable method of claim 2, further comprising the step of subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

6. The computer-implementable method of claim 3, further comprising the step of subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

7. The computer-implementable method of claim 1, wherein $n \geq 2$.

8. The computer-implementable method of claim 3, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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9. The computer-implementable method of claim ¹³~~8~~, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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10. The computer-implementable method of claim ²~~7~~, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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11. The computer-implementable method of claim 8, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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12. The computer-implementable method of claim ¹⁵~~9~~, wherein $n \geq 3$.

¹⁸
13. An apparatus for performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said apparatus non-iteratively processing $N \bmod D$ to produce the remainder R, when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$.

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14. An apparatus for performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said apparatus performing $N \bmod D$ to produce the remainder R, where a number of processing operations necessary to produce the remainder R is independent of n, when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$.

³²
15. An apparatus for performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said apparatus summing the upper $\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil$ and lower $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$ bits of the dividend N to produce the remainder R, when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$.

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16. The apparatus of claim 13, said apparatus subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

17. The apparatus of claim 14, said apparatus subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

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18. The apparatus of claim ³²~~15~~, said apparatus subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

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19. The apparatus of claim ¹³~~13~~, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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20. The apparatus of claim ²⁵~~14~~, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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21. The apparatus of claim ~~18~~³², wherein $n \geq 2$.

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22. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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23. The apparatus of claim ~~20~~²⁶, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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24. The apparatus of claim ~~21~~³⁴, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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25. The apparatus of claim ~~14~~²⁵, wherein said apparatus is a component of a Reed-Solomon coder.

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26. The apparatus of claim ~~15~~³², wherein said apparatus is a component of a Reed-Solomon coder.

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ad</sup>
27. The apparatus of claim ~~16~~, wherein said apparatus is a component of a Reed-Solomon coder.

³⁸
28. A computer program embodied in a computer readable medium for performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, comprising:

a summing code segment for summing the upper $\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil$ and lower $\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil$ bits of the

5 dividend N to produce the remainder R, when $D = 2^n - 1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$.

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29. The computer program of claim ~~28~~³⁸, further comprising a subtracting code segment for subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

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30. The computer program of claim ~~28~~³⁸, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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31. The computer program of claim ~~30~~⁴⁰, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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32. A computer signal for performing modulo division, using a dividend N and an n-bit divisor D to produce a remainder R, said computer signal comprising:

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a summing code segment for summing the upper $\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil$ and lower $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$ bits of the dividend N to produce the remainder R, when $D=2^n-1$ and $0 \leq N \leq (D-1)^2$.

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~~33~~. The computer signal of claim ⁴²~~32~~, further comprising a subtracting code segment for subtracting the divisor D from the sum to produce the remainder R, if the sum is greater than the divisor D.

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~~34~~. The computer signal of claim ⁴²~~32~~, wherein $n \geq 2$.

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~~35~~. The computer signal of claim ⁴⁴~~34~~, wherein $n \geq 3$.

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~~as~~

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